## NAC2124-Hxx



Noliac ring stack actuator NAC2124-Hxx (height in $\mathrm{mm}-\mathrm{Hxx}$ ) is based on the multilayer actuator NAC2124 and can be stacked to match you requirements. The standard range of NAC2124-Hxx is produced in a height between $4-150 \mathrm{~mm}$. The ring stack provides a stroke in a range between 3.3 and $244.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ and blocking force up to 4750 N depending on the height of the stack.

## SPECIFICATIONS

## Attributes

Length / outer diameter
Width / inner diameter
Max width / outer diameter max
Height

Operating voltage, max.
Free stroke, max.
Blocking force, max.
Capacitance
Stiffness
Maximum operating temperature
Material
Unloaded resonance frequency
Electrodes

Remarks

## Value

15 mm
9 mm
16.8 mm
$4-150 \mathrm{~mm}$

200 V
$3.3-244.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
4750 N
460-33950 nF
1439-19 N/ $\mu \mathrm{m}$
$150{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
NCE51F
$>248 \mathrm{k}-7 \mathrm{kHz}$
Screen-printed Ag and soldered bus wire (option: glued connections)
-

## Tolerance

+0.65/-0.45 mm
$+0.30 /-0.50 \mathrm{~mm}$
$+/-0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ or $1 \%$ (whichever is largest)
+/-15\%
+/-20\%
+/-15\%
+/-20\%

## Stack options

Height
4 mm
6 mm
8 mm

## Stroke

$3.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$6.6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$9.9 \mu \mathrm{~m}$

## Capacitance

460 nF
920 nF
1380 nF

10 mm
12 mm
14 mm
16 mm
18 mm
20 mm
22 mm
24 mm
26 mm
28 mm
30 mm
32 mm
34 mm
36 mm
38 mm
40 mm
42 mm
44 mm
46 mm
48 mm
50 mm
52 mm
54 mm
56 mm
58 mm
60 mm
62 mm
64 mm
66 mm
68 mm
70 mm
72 mm
74 mm
76 mm
78 mm
80 mm
82 mm
84 mm
86 mm
88 mm
90 mm
92 mm
94 mm
96 mm
98 mm
100 mm
102 mm
104 mm
$13.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$16.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$19.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$23.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$26.4 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$29.7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$33 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$36.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$39.6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$42.9 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$46.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$49.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$52.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$56.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$59.4 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$62.7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$66 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$69.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$72.6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$75.9 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$79.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$82.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$85.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$89.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$92.4 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$95.7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$99 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$102.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$105.6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$108.9 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$112.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$115.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$118.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$122.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$125.4 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$128.7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$132 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$135.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$138.6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$141.9 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$145.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$148.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$151.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$155.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$158.4 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$161.7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$165 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$168.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$

1840 nF
2300 nF
2750 nF
3210 nF
3670 nF
4130 nF
4590 nF
5050 nF
5510 nF
5970 nF
6430 nF
6890 nF
7340 nF
7800 nF
8260 nF
8720 nF
9180 nF
9640 nF
10100 nF
10560 nF
11020 nF
11480 nF
11930 nF
12390 nF
12850 nF
13310 nF
13770 nF
14230 nF
14690 nF 15150 nF 15610 nF 16070 nF 16520 nF 16980 nF 17440 nF 17900 nF 18360 nF 18820 nF 19280 nF 19740 nF 20200 nF 20660 nF 21110 nF 21570 nF 22030 nF 22490 nF 22950 nF 23410 nF

106 mm
108 mm
110 mm
112 mm
114 mm
116 mm
118 mm
120 mm
122 mm
124 mm
126 mm
128 mm
130 mm
132 mm
134 mm
136 mm
138 mm
140 mm
142 mm
144 mm
146 mm
148 mm
150 mm
$171.6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
23870 nF
$174.9 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
24330 nF
$178.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
24790 nF
$181.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$184.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$188.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$191.4 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$194.7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$198 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$201.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$204.6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$207.9 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$211.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$214.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$217.8 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$221.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$224.4 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$227.7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$231 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$234.3 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$237.6 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$240.9 \mu \mathrm{~m}$
$244.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$

25250 nF
25700 nF
26160 nF
26620 nF 27080 nF 27540 nF 28000 nF 28460 nF 28920 nF 29380 nF 29840 nF 30290 nF 30750 nF 31210 nF 31670 nF 32130 nF 32590 nF 33050 nF 33510 nF 33970 nF


## Mounting

The actuators are usually grinded on top and bottom surfaces (perpendicular to the direction of expansion) in order to obtain flat and parallel surfaces for mounting. The actuators may be mounted either by mechanical clamping or gluing.

Avoiding short circuit can either be achieved by:

- Adding Kapton foil on the metallic surfaces.
- Having inactive ceramic plates between the actuator and the metal plate.

Stacked actuators are manufactured with top and bottom insulating ceramic end-plates.

If glued, it is important to ensure a very thin glue line between the actuator and the substrate. It is recommended that a pressure, e.g. 2-5 MPa , is applied during the curing process.

To avoid significant loss of performance, the mounting of the actuators should avoid mechanical clamping and/or gluing on the sides of the actuator.

During manufacturing or handling, minor chips on the end-plates can appear. Minor chips cannot be avoided, but such chips do not affect performance.

## Electrical connection

External electrodes

The external electrodes are screen printed silver as standard. Other materials, e.g. gold or silver/palladium are available on request. The positive electrode is indicated by a black spot.

Electrical connection to the external electrodes can be achieved by mechanical contacts, soldering, gluing with electrically conductive glues or wire bonding.

Mechanical connections

Mechanical connections can be arranged by e.g. copper springs contacted to the external electrodes. It is recommended to use external electrodes of gold in order to eliminate oxidation of the electrodes.

Soldering

Soldering electrical wires to the screen-printed silver electrode makes an excellent and time-stable connection. In order to avoid challenges with wetting the solder on the silver surface, always clean the external electrodes with a glass brush or steel wool.

The actuators may only be stressed axially. Tilting and shearing forces must be avoided.


The actuators without preload are sensitive to pulling forces. It is recommended to apply a pre-load in order to optimize the performances of the actuators.


For linear actuators it is recommended not to use a metal plate on top and bottom in order to avoid short circuit.


The force must be applied on the full surface of the actuator in order to assure a good load distribution.



Epoxy glues are well suited for gluing piezoceramics.


When you order actuators from Noliac, you can have wires fitted to save time and money. However, you should consider these parameters, when you select a wire for connection:

- Operation voltage
- Intensity of current
- Operating temperature
- Environment for example vacuum


## We recommend Teflon wires

Teflon wires can stand temperatures above $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, whereas PVC wires only resist temperatures up to 80 ${ }^{\circ}$ C. In tough operating conditions or in vacuum, it is recommended always to use Teflon isolated wire to guarantee the proper performance of PZT-elements.

## Wire thickness (AWG)

The wire thickness (AWG) is determined by the current that has to be transmitted to and from the PZT-element. The required current is determined by the capacitance of the PZT-element, the maximum driving frequency and the maximum voltage Up-p.

|  | Option A01 | Option A02 | Option C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | 28 AWG Teflon | 28 AWG Teflon | Custom |
| Length | $200+/-10 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $200+/-10 \mathrm{~mm}$ | To be defined |
| Position | Middle of the actuator | Middle of the actuator | To be defined |
| Direction | Perpendicular to the height | Toward top | To be defined |

Type A01


## Type A02



